

**Draft Toxicological Review of *t*-Butanol:
Disentangling mechanisms of kidney toxicity
and carcinogenicity:
Public Comment: LyondellBasell**

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G C Hard Report on TBA to LyondellBasell, 2005
GC Hard, RH Bruner, SM Cohen, JM Pletcher, KS Regan
Regulatory Toxicol Pharmacol, 2011

13-week toxicity study – male rats

Hyaline droplet accumulation - angular droplets

Granular cast precursors present at OSOM-ISOM border

Granular casts seen in specially-stained kidneys

Two-year carcinogenicity study

15-month interim sacrifice – male rats

Linear papillary mineralization (LPM) present

Two-year terminal sacrifice

LPM in most tumor-bearing male rats

Most rats with tumors or ATH had advanced CPN

CPN severity in males linked to tumors

– 3.5 versus 2.9

Absence of chemical-related nephrotoxicity in both sexes

Hyperplasia of papilla lining a component of CPN

CONCLUSIONS

- The α 2u-g nephropathy evidence is not “limited” but relatively robust
- Tubule cell exfoliation necessitates compensatory regeneration
- The only responses to TBA in rat kidneys are α 2u-g nephropathy in males and exacerbated CPN
- Individual animal evidence is sufficient to support advanced CPN as contributing to the RTT response
- TBA male rat renal tumors are adequately explained by α 2u-g nephropathy combined with advanced CPN
- Transitional cell hyperplasia in the TBA study is not a nephrotoxic response
- Suppurative inflammation is not a nephrotoxic response but caused by bacterial infection

TBA – Female rat – High dose

Transitional cell hyperplasia of papilla

